

Yixuan(Jay) Duan

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EDUCATION

University of Wisconsin-Madison(GPA: 3.83/4.0)

Madison, WI

Bachelor of Science in Computer Science

Expected May 2027

- **Relevant Coursework:** Data Structures and Algorithms(A), Deep Learning(A), Molecules to Life and Science(A), Artificial Intelligence(A)
- **Honors and Awards:** 2026 UW-Madison Dean's List, 2026 UW-Madison Undergraduate Summer Award
- **Skills:** Linux, Python, R, Java, SQL
- **Interests:** Biological Foundation Model, AI for Precise Health, Interpretable AI, Multi-omics Integration

PUBLICATIONS

1. **Yixuan Duan**, Wei Qiu “Discovering Interpretable Features in Cardiac Multi-Modality Foundation Models via Sparse Autoencoders.” *Manuscript in preparation*, 2026.
2. **Yixuan Duan**, Wei Qiu “InterBench: An Interpretable Benchmark for Cardiopulmonary Foundation Models.” *Manuscript in preparation*, 2026.

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Discovering interpretable features in Foundation model via SAE

Apr. 2026 – Present

Advisor: Professor Wei Qiu, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Rice University

- Pretrained Foundation Model to encode raw ECG and PPG biomedical signals, into hidden activations and embeddings
- Applied SAE to decompose the Foundation Model's internal representations into sparse, interpretable latent features.
- Analyzed top-activating samples and linked SAE features to waveform patterns, clinical reports, ICD phenotypes, and disease-related concepts

Disentangle Aging Foundation Model

Feb. 2026 – Apr. 2026

Advisor: Professor Wei Qiu, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Rice University

- Used bulk RNA-seq and scRNA-seq foundation models backbones as encoders, and designed an ACE-style disentanglement strategy to separate aging-related transcriptomic variation from background factors such as tissue, sex, and batch.
- Extracted transcriptomic aging signals from large-scale bulk RNA-seq and scRNA-seq using chronological age, then adapts the learned embedding to predict epigenetic age using limited paired RNA-seq and DNA methylation data.
- Designed the final model outputs and evaluation strategy, including transcriptomic aging embeddings, epigenetic age prediction, age acceleration prediction, cross-tissue/cohort generalization, and biological interpretation of aging-related genes.

Graph-based Integration Model of scATAC-seq and DNA-Methylation

Jan. 2026 – Present

Advisor: Professor Lei Hou, Department of Medicine, Biomedical Genetics Section

Boston University

- Constructed a microglia multi-omics dataset by processing scATAC-seq and snm3C-seq data, generating a cell $\times$ peak matrix and a cell $\times$ CpG methylation matrix.
- Built a CpG feature space linked to regulatory elements by identifying CpG sites overlapping ATAC peaks and extracting methylation coverage/counts for microglia cells across 40 donors.
- Designed a TF-CRE-CpG graph-based framework to use DNA methylation embeddings for predicting differentially methylated CpGs and inferring dysregulated CRE modules and TF regulatory programs.

Modeling to Predict the Strength of Glycan and Protein Binding

Jun. 2025 – Aug. 2025

Advisor: Dr. Chao Wang, Institute of Systems and Physical Biology

Shenzhen Bay Laboratory

- Construct a database that can be queried for binding strengths and sites of different glycan and proteins.
- Encode the structure and sequence information of glycan and proteins then choose different deep learning model architectures to compare R Square.
- Train a model that can accurately predict the binding strength and binding site of glycan and proteins when inputting the structure and sequence information of different glycan and proteins.